§ 259.7

consumers shall post its current contract of carriage on its website in easily accessible form.

[Docket No. DOT-OST-2010-0140, 76 FR 23165, Apr. 25, 2011]

§ 259.7 Response to consumer problems.

- (a) Designated advocates for passengers' interests. Each covered carrier shall designate for its scheduled flights an employee who shall be responsible for monitoring the effects of flight delays, flight cancellations, and lengthy tarmac delays on passengers. This employee shall have input into decisions on which flights to cancel and which will be delayed the longest.
- (b) Informing consumers how to complain. Each covered carrier shall make available the mailing address and email or web address of the designated department in the airline with which to file a complaint about its scheduled service. This information shall be provided on the U.S. carrier's website (if any) and the foreign carrier's website (if marketed to U.S. consumers), on all e-ticket confirmations and, upon request, at each ticket counter and boarding gate staffed by the carrier or a contractor of the carrier.
- (c) Response to complaints. Each covered carrier shall acknowledge in writing receipt of each complaint regarding its scheduled service to the complainant within 30 days of receiving it and shall send a substantive written response to each complainant within 60 days of receiving the complaint. A complaint is a specific written expression of dissatisfaction concerning a difficulty or problem which the person experienced when using or attempting to use an airline's services.
- (d) Social networking sites. Each covered carrier that uses a social networking site (e.g. Facebook, Twitter) and that does not intend for that site to be a vehicle for receipt of written consumer complaints subject to this section shall clearly indicate on the carrier's primary page on that social networking site that it will not reply to consumer complaints on that site and shall direct consumers to the carrier's mailing address and e-mail or

website location for filing written complaints.

[Docket No. DOT-OST-2010-0140, 76 FR 23165, Apr. 25, 2011]

§ 259.8 Notify passengers of known delays, cancellations, and diversions.

- (a) Each covered carrier for its scheduled flights to, from or within the U.S. must promptly provide to passengers who are ticketed or hold reservations, and to the public, information about a change in the status of a flight within 30 minutes after the carrier becomes aware of such a change in the status of a flight. A change in the status of a flight means, at a minimum, cancellation of a flight, a delay of 30 minutes or more in the planned operation of a flight, or a diversion. The flight status information must at a minimum be provided in the boarding gate area for the flight at a U.S. airport, on the carrier's website, and via the carrier's telephone reservation system upon inquiry by any person.
- (1) With respect to any U.S. carrier or foreign air carrier that permits passengers to subscribe to flight status notification services, the carrier must deliver such notification to such passengers, by whatever means is available to the carrier and of the passenger's choice, within 30 minutes after the carrier becomes aware of such a change in the status of a flight.
- (2) The U.S. carrier or foreign air carrier shall incorporate such notification service commitment into its Customer Service Plan as specified in section 259.5 of this chapter.
- (b) For its scheduled flights to, from or within the U.S, within 30 minutes after the carrier becomes aware of a flight cancellation, a flight delay of 30 minutes or more, or a flight diversion, each covered carrier must update all flight status displays and other sources of flight information that are under the carrier's control at U.S. airports with information on that flight irregularity.
- (c) If an airport-controlled display system at a U.S. airport accepts flight status updates from carriers, covered carriers must provide flight irregularity information to that airport for the carrier's scheduled flights to, from

or within the U.S. within 30 minutes after the carrier becomes aware of such a change in the status of a flight. Flight irregularity refers to flight cancellations, flight delays of 30 minutes or more, and diversions.

[Docket No. DOT-OST-2010-0140, 76 FR 23166, Apr. 25, 2011]

PART 271—GUIDELINES FOR SUB-SIDIZING AIR CARRIERS PRO-VIDING ESSENTIAL AIR TRANS-PORTATION

Sec.

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AUTHORITY: 49 U.S.C. Chapters 401, 417.

Source: ER-1398, 49 FR 49846, Dec. 24, 1984, unless otherwise noted.

§271.1 Purpose.

This part establishes the guidelines required by 49 U.S.C. 41736 to be used by the Department in establishing the fair and reasonable amount of compensation needed to ensure the continuation of essential air service to an eligible place under 49 U.S.C. 41731 and 41734. These guidelines are intended to cover normal carrier selection cases and rate renewal cases, and not necessarily emergency carrier selection cases.

[60 FR 43524, Aug. 22, 1995]

§ 271.2 Definitions.

As used in this part:

Eligible place means a place in the United States that—

- (1) Was an eligible point under section 419 of the Federal Aviation Act of 1958 as in effect before October 1, 1988;
- (2) Received scheduled air transportation at any time between January 1, 1990, and November 4, 1990; and
- (3) Is not listed in Department of Transportation Orders 89–9–37 and 89–12–52 as a place ineligible for compensation under Subchapter II of Chapter 417 of the Statute.

Essential air service is that air transportation which the Department has found to be essential under Subchapter II of Chapter 417 of the Statute.

[60 FR 43524, Aug. 22, 1995]

§271.3 Carrier subsidy need.

In establishing the subsidy for an air carrier providing essential air service at an eligible place, the Department will consider the following:

- (a) The reasonable projected costs of a carrier in serving that place;
- (b) The carrier's reasonable projected revenues for serving that place;
- (c) The appropriate size of aircraft for providing essential air service at that place; and
- (d) A reasonable profit for a carrier serving that place.

[ER-1398, 49 FR 49846, Dec. 24, 1984, as amended at 60 FR 43524, Aug. 22, 1995]

§271.4 Carrier costs.

- (a) The reasonable costs projected for a carrier providing essential air service at an eligible place will be evaluated:
- (1) For costs attributable to the carrier's flying operations (direct expenses), by comparing the projected costs submitted by the carrier with the following:
- (i) The carrier's historical direct operating costs with the same or similar aircraft types;
- (ii) The direct operating unit costs of similar carriers using the same or similar equipment; and
- (iii) Data supplied by the manufacturer of the carrier's aircraft.
- (2) For other costs, by one or more of the following methods:
- (i) By direct assignment where the indirect costs are attributable to the carrier's operations at the eligible place;
- (ii) By comparing the carrier's systemwide indirect operating expenses to those submitted by the carrier for the eligible place; or
- (iii) By comparing the indirect operating expenses submitted by the carrier with the ratio of indirect to direct costs that have been experienced by the carrier in other markets or to costs that are representative of the industry.